

EXHIBIT E

43_CFR_4700_1985

Bureau of Land Management, Interior**Part 4700**

allowed to remove all personal property belonging to him, together with any fence, building, corral, or other removable range improvements owned by him. All such property which is not removed within the time allowed shall thereupon become the property of the United States.

Subpart 4330—Protests**§ 4330.1 Protests.**

Protests against an application for a grazing permit shall be filed in duplicate, with the authorized officer; contain a complete disclosure of all facts upon which the protest is based; and describe the lands involved in such protests. It shall be accompanied by evidence of service of a copy of the protest upon the applicant. If the protestant desires to obtain a grazing permit for all or part of the land embraced in the application against which the protest is filed, the protest shall be accompanied by an application for a grazing permit.

Subpart 4340—Trespass**§ 4340.1 Trespass.**

(a) Any use of the Federal lands for reindeer grazing purposes, unless authorized by a valid permit issued in accordance with the regulations in this part is unlawful and is prohibited.

(b) Any person who willfully violates any of the rules and regulations in this part shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or by a fine of not more than \$500.

Group 4700—Wild Free-Roaming Horse and Burro Management

NOTE: The information collection requirements contained in Subpart 4740 of Group 4700 have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3507 and assigned clearance numbers 1004-0042 and 1004-0046. The information is being collected to permit the authorized officer to determine whether an application for adoption of or title of to wild horses or burros should be granted. The information will be used to make this determination. A response is required to obtain a benefit.

[48 FR 40890, Sept. 12, 1983]

PART 4700—WILD FREE-ROAMING HORSE AND BURRO PROTECTION, MANAGEMENT, AND CONTROL**Subpart 4700—Purpose; Objectives; Authority; Definitions; Policy****Sec.**

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4760.1 Arrest.

4760.2 Penalties.

AUTHORITY: Act of Dec. 15, 1971 (16 U.S.C. 1331-1340), Act of June 28, 1934 (43 U.S.C. 315-315r), unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: 41 FR 9879, Mar. 8, 1976, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart 4700—Purpose; Objectives; Authority; Definitions; Policy**§ 4700.0-1 Purpose.**

To implement the laws relating to wild free-roaming horses and burros on public lands.

§ 4700.0-2 Objectives.

The objective of these regulations is to provide criteria and procedures for protecting, managing, and controlling wild free-roaming horses and burros as a recognized component of the public land environment.

§ 4700.0-3 Authority.

The Act of December 15, 1971 (16 U.S.C. 1331-1340), as amended, and the Act of June 28, 1934 (43 U.S.C. 315 through 315r).

[42 FR 26654, May 25, 1977]

§ 4700.0-5 Definitions.

(a) "Authorized officer" means any employee of the Bureau of Land Management to whom has been delegated the authority to perform the duties described herein.

(b) "Wild free-roaming horses and burros" means all unbranded and unclaimed horses and burros and their progeny that have used public lands on or after December 15, 1971, or that do use these lands as all or part of their habitat, including those animals given an identifying mark upon capture for live disposal by the authorized officer. Unbranded, claimed horses and burros where the claim is found to be erroneous are also considered as wild and free-roaming if they meet the criteria above. However, this definition shall not include any horse or burro which entered or was introduced onto public lands after December 15, 1971,

by accident, negligence, or willful disregard of ownership.

(c) "Herd" means one or more stallions and their mares or jacks and their jennies.

(d) "Excess animals" means wild free-roaming horses or burros (1) which have been removed from an area by the authorized officer pursuant to applicable law or, (2) which must be removed from an area in order to preserve and maintain a thriving natural ecological balance and multiple-use relationship in that area.

(e) "Problem animal" means a wild free-roaming horse or burro whose demonstrated individual habits or traits pose an undue threat to the safety or welfare of persons, wildlife, livestock, or property; or a wild free-roaming horse or burro infected by a contagious disease or suspected of being diseased or seriously ill.

(f) "Public lands" means any lands administered by the Secretary of the Interior through the Bureau of Land Management.

(g) "Wild horse or burro range" means a specifically designated area of land needed to sustain a herd or herds of wild free-roaming horses or burros, and which is devoted principally but not necessarily exclusively to their welfare in keeping with the multiple use management of the public lands.

(h) "Management plan" means a written program of action designed to protect, manage, and control wild free-roaming horses and burros and maintain a natural ecological balance on the public lands.

(i) "Act" means the Act of December 15, 1971 (16 U.S.C. 1331 through 1340); as amended.

(j) "Advisory Board" means the joint advisory board established by the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to section 7 of the Act.

(k) "Malicious harassment" means any intentional act which demonstrates a deliberate disregard for the well-being of wild free-roaming horses and burros and which creates the likelihood of injury, or is detrimental to normal behavior patterns of wild free-roaming horses and burros including feeding, watering, resting, and breeding. Such acts include, but are not lim-

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ited to, unauthorized chasing, pursuing, herding, roping, or attempting to gather or catch wild free-roaming horses and burros. It does not apply to lawfully conducted activities by or on behalf of the Bureau of Land Management or the Forest Service in implementation or performance of duties and responsibilities under this Act.

(l) "Captured animal" means a wild free-roaming horse or burro taken and held in the custody of the authorized officer. This term does not apply to an animal placed in private custody through a cooperative agreement under § 4740.2(b) or § 4750.2.

(m) "Humane procedure" means kind and merciful treatment, without causing unnecessary stress or suffering to the animal.

(n) "Commercial exploitation" means using a wild free-roaming horse or burro, because of its characteristics of wildness, for direct or indirect financial gain. Characteristics of wildness include the rebellious and feisty nature of such animals and their defiance of man as exhibited in their undomesticated and untamed state. Uses such as saddle or pack stock or other uses that require domestication of the animal are not commercial exploitation of the animals because of their characteristics of wildness.

(o) "Inhumane treatment" means causing physical stress to an animal through any harmful action or omission that is not compatible with standard animal husbandry practices; causing or allowing an animal to suffer from a lack of necessary food, water or shelter; using any equipment, apparatus, or technique during transportation, domestication or handling that causes undue injury to an animal; or failing to treat or care for a sick or injured animal.

(p) "Old" means a wild free-roaming horse or burro characterized by its inability to fend for itself because of age, physical deterioration, suffering or closeness to death.

(q) "Sick" means a wild free-roaming horse or burro with failing health, infirmness or disease from which there is little chance of recovery.

(r) "Lame" means a wild free-roaming horse or burro with malfunction-

ing muscles, ligaments or limbs that impair its freedom of movement.

[41 FR 9879, Mar. 8, 1976, as amended at 42 FR 26654, May 25, 1977; 44 FR 76985, Dec. 28, 1979]

§ 4700.0-6 Policy.

(a) Wild free-roaming horses and burros are under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior and will be managed as an integral part of the natural systems of the public lands. They will be protected from unauthorized capture, branding, undue disturbance, and destruction. They and their habitat will be managed and controlled in a manner designed to achieve and maintain a thriving ecological balance on the public lands and a thriving population of sound, healthy individuals, all in accordance with the basic program policies for public land management set forth in Subpart 1725 of this chapter.

(b) Wild free-roaming horses and burros on the public lands will be managed by the authorized officer, with full public participation and such cooperative arrangements as he may find helpful. Management on public lands will not be assigned to any private individual or association through a grazing license, lease, or permit.

(c) Wild free-roaming horses and burros where found on public lands shall be considered comparably with other resource values in the development of resource management plans under the Bureau's planning system including allocation of appropriate portions of the available forage.

(d) Where wild free-roaming horses and burros use, as part of their habitat, public lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management and lands in the National Forest system, the Bureau of Land Management shall cooperate to the fullest extent with the Forest Service in the management of these animals.

[41 FR 9879, Mar. 8, 1976, as amended at 44 FR 76985, Dec. 28, 1979]

§ 4710.1**43 CFR Ch II (10-1-85 Edition)****Subpart 4710—Coordination****§ 4710.1 Joint National Advisory Board.**

Policies and guidelines relative to proposals for establishment of ranges, proposed management plans, adjustments in number, relocation and disposal of animals, and other matters relating generally to the protection, management, and control of wild free-roaming horses and burros shall be presented to the Advisory Board for recommendations.

§ 4710.2 State agencies.

(a) All management activities including, but not limited to, establishment of ranges and adjustments in forage allocation shall be planned and executed in consultation with the appropriate State agency to further consider the needs of all wildlife, particularly endangered species.

(b) All actions taken in connection with private ownership claims to unbranded horses and burros shall be coordinated to the fullest extent possible with the appropriate State agency.

§ 4710.3 Cooperative agreements.

The authorized officer may enter into cooperative agreements with other landowners, private citizens, nonprofit organizations, and with Federal, State, and local governmental agencies as he deems necessary for purposes of protecting, managing and controlling wild free-roaming horses and burros. Where the grazing patterns of the animals require utilization of lands in other ownerships or administration, the authorized officer shall seek cooperative agreements to insure continuance of such use.

§ 4710.4 Research.

Research activities in the management of wild free-roaming horses and burros shall be conducted pursuant to a contract entered into between authorized individuals or organizations and the authorized officer.

[41 FR 9879, Mar. 8, 1976, as amended at 45 FR 47842, July 17, 1980]

Subpart 4720—Removal of Claimed Trespass Horses and Burros**§ 4720.1 Unauthorized and unbranded animals.**

(a) All unauthorized and unbranded horses and burros on the public lands, except those which entered or were introduced onto the public lands after December 15, 1971, by accident, negligence, or willful disregard of ownership are presumed for the purpose of management to be wild free-roaming horses or burros.

(b) The gathering or rounding up of unbranded horses or burros on the public lands where any of such animals are not in fact authorized to be on the public lands pursuant to a grazing license, permit, lease, or other authorization, is prohibited without written authorization from the authorized officer. Also prohibited without written authorization from the authorized officer is the gathering or rounding up of unauthorized branded horses or burros where the branded animals are, or may become, intermingled with wild free-roaming horses or burros, or where the gathering or roundup is likely to involve or affect wild free-roaming horses or burros.

§ 4720.2 Claimed animals.

(a) Any person claiming ownership under State branding and estray laws of unbranded or branded horses or burros on public land where such animals are not authorized must present evidence of ownership to justify a roundup before permission will be granted to gather such animals. Claims of ownership with supporting evidence were required to be filed during a 90-day claiming period which expired November 15, 1973. Unauthorized privately owned horses or burros entering onto the public lands after November 15, 1973, may be claimed by filing an application with the District Manager. All written authorizations to gather claimed animals shall be on a form approved by the Director and shall provide for compliance with appropriate provisions of Subpart 4720. After such public notice as the authorized officer deems appropriate to inform interested parties, he may au-

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thorize the gathering or roundup. The authorized officer shall provide in the authorization that the gathering or roundup shall be consistent with these regulations; shall establish in the authorization a reasonable period of time to allow the gathering of the claimed animals; and shall provide such other conditions in the authorization which he deems necessary to minimize stress on any associated wild free-roaming horses or burros and to protect other resources.

(b) Animals captured in Bureau of Land Management conducted roundups and determined to be privately owned may be secured by the appropriate claimant upon payment of trespass charges in accordance with § 4720.3, and a per head share of helicopter rental and other associated costs determined appropriate by the authorized officer.

[42 FR 26655, May 25, 1977]

§ 4720.3 Trespass animals.

Unauthorized horses or burros which have been claimed and have been determined to be privately owned in accordance with the provisions of this section will be considered to have been in trespass and may not be released until a proper trespass charge has been determined by the authorized officer in accordance with the provisions of Subpart 4150 of this subchapter.

[43 FR 29076, July 5, 1978]

Subpart 4730—Management Considerations**§ 4730.1 Inventory and planning.**

(a) A current inventory of wild free-roaming horses and burros shall be maintained by the authorized officer for each area where a herd exists for the purpose of evaluating population dynamics including whether and where excess animals exist as a basis for making management decisions. Such inventory will be designed to estimate animal numbers, productivity, sex ratio and age structure for each herd.

(b) In planning for management, protection, and control of wild free-roaming horses and burros, including

determination of desirable numbers and other management requirements of these regulations, the authorized officer will utilize the Bureau's multiple-use planning system.

(c) Using the information developed from inventory data and planning the authorized officer shall determine:

(1) Appropriate protection and management for wild free-roaming horses and burros on the management areas under consideration; and

(2) The appropriate actions needed to achieve proper population levels.

(d) In making these determinations, the authorized officer shall consult with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, State wildlife agencies, individuals independent of Federal or State government recommended by the National Academy of Sciences, and any other individuals who he determines have scientific expertise or special knowledge of wild horse and burro protection, wildlife management and animal husbandry as related to rangeland management.

[44 FR 76985, Dec. 28, 1979]

§ 4730.2 Intensity of management.

Wild free-roaming horse or burro herds may be managed either as one of the components of public land use or on a specifically designated wild horse or burro range. Management practices shall be at the minimal feasible level and shall be consistent to the extent possible and practical with the maintenance of their free-roaming behavior. Management facilities should be designed and constructed to the extent possible to maintain the free-roaming behavior of the herds.

§ 4730.3 Habitat reservation and allocation.

The biological requirements of wild free-roaming horses and burros will be determined based upon appropriate studies or other available information. The needs for soil and watershed protection, domestic livestock, maintenance of environmental quality, wildlife, and other factors will be considered along with wild free-roaming horse and burro requirements. After determining the optimum number of such horses and burros to be main-

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tained on an area, the authorized officer shall reserve adequate forage and satisfy other biological requirements of such horses and burros and, when necessary, adjust or exclude domestic livestock use accordingly. See §§ 4110.2-2 and 4110.3-2 of this subchapter.

[43 FR 29076, July 5, 1978]

§ 4730.4 Closure to livestock grazing.

The authorized officer may close public lands to use by all or a particular kind of domestic livestock where it is necessary to allocate all available forage to, or to satisfy other biological requirements of wild free-roaming horses or burros. Such closures may be made only after appropriate public notice and in accordance with the procedures for reduction or cancellation of grazing privileges provided for under provisions in this subchapter. See §§ 4110.2-2 and 4110.3-2 of this subchapter.

[43 FR 29076, July 5, 1978]

§ 4730.5 Designation of specific ranges.

The authorized officer may designate and maintain specifically designated ranges principally for the protection and preservation of wild free-roaming horses and burros. In designating specific ranges and herd management areas, the authorized officer, in addition to any other provisions of these regulations, shall:

(a) Consider only those areas utilized by wild free-roaming horses or burros as all or part of their habitat on December 15, 1971.

(b) Consider only those areas where self-sustaining herds can maintain themselves within their established utilization and migratory patterns.

(c) Consider only those areas which are capable of being managed as a unit to ensure a sustained yield of forage without jeopardy to the resources.

(d) Develop a wild free-roaming horse or burro management plan in accordance with § 4730.6.

§ 4730.6 Herd management plan.

The authorized officer shall, in connection with the designation of a specific range, develop a proposed wild free-roaming horse or burro manage-

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ment plan designed to protect, manage, and control wild free-roaming horses and burros on the area on a continuing basis. The authorized officer may also develop herd management plans as part of the multiple use management on areas outside of specifically designated wild horse or burro ranges. All management plans shall be developed in accordance with the Bureau's planning system and shall govern management of the area.

§ 4730.7 Aircraft and motor vehicles.**§ 4730.7-1 Fixed-wing aircraft.**

Fixed-wing aircraft may be used for inventory, observation, and surveillance purposes required for the administration of the Act. Such aircraft use shall be consistent with the Act of September 8, 1959, as amended (18 U.S.C. 41 et seq.). Fixed-wing aircraft shall not be used in connection with capture operations except as support vehicles.

[42 FR 26655, May 25, 1977]

§ 4730.7-2 Helicopters.

Only the authorized officer may use or contract for the use of helicopters in the administration of the Act. Helicopters may be used in all phases of the administration of the Act including, but not limited to, inventory, observation, surveillance, and capture operations (see § 4740.4). Helicopters may be used in areas where all animals are claimed, only if forage, habitat, or watershed resources are being adversely affected by horses and burros and helicopters are the only feasible method available to capture and remove the animals. The authorized officer shall supervise all helicopter use as follows:

(a) The authorized officer shall have the means to communicate with the pilot and be able to direct the use of the helicopter.

(b) The authorized officer shall be able to observe the effects of the use of the helicopter on the well-being of the animals.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, researchers who have entered into contracts with the Bureau of Land Management under the au-

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thority of the act may use helicopters in the performance of such research activities without the supervision of the authorized officer; *Provided that:* Helicopters permitted for research shall not:

(1) Be used to kill or remove from the public lands wild free-roaming horses or burros; or

(2) Create undue or needless stress in wild free-roaming horses or burros.

[42 FR 26655, May 25, 1977, as amended at 45 FR 47843, July 17, 1980]

§ 4730.7-3 Motor vehicles.

Motor vehicles may be used in the administration of the Act except that such vehicles shall not be used in connection with capture operations for driving or chasing the animals. The use of motor vehicles for the purpose of transporting captured animals is subject to the provisions of § 4740.4(b).

[42 FR 26655, May 25, 1977]

Subpart 4740—Removal and Relocation of Excess or Problem Animals

SOURCE: 44 FR 76985, Dec. 28, 1979, unless otherwise noted.

§ 4740.1 Capture.

Under the supervision of the authorized officer, where it has been determined necessary, wild free-roaming horses and burros may be captured, corralled and held in a humane manner. All excess or problem animals will be held under humane conditions pending disposal under the provisions of this subpart.

§ 4740.2 Humane use of helicopters and motor vehicles.

(a) The use of helicopters is authorized to locate the animals involved and for related purposes such as to transport personnel and equipment. The condition of the animals shall be continuously observed by the authorized officer and should signs of unnecessary stress be noted, the source of stress shall be removed so as to allow for recovery. Helicopters may be used in roundups or other capture operations subject to the following humane procedures:

(1) Helicopters shall be used in such a manner that bands or herds will tend to remain together.

(2) The rate of movement shall not exceed limitations set by the authorized officer who shall consider terrain, weather, distance to be traveled, and condition of animals.

(3) The helicopter shall be used to enable the authorized officer to look for the presence of dangerous areas and move the animals away from hazards during the capture operation.

(4) During capture operations, animals shall be moved in such a way as to prevent unnecessary stress or injury.

(b) Motor vehicles may be used for the purposes of transporting captured animals, subject to the following humane procedures:

(1) All such transportation shall be in compliance with appropriate State and Federal laws and regulations applicable to the humane transportation of horses and burros.

(2) Vehicles shall be in good repair, of adequate rated capacity, and carefully operated so as to insure that captured animals are transported without undue risk of injury.

(3) Vehicles shall be inspected and approved by an authorized officer prior to use.

(4) Where necessary and practical, animals shall be sorted as to age, size, temperament, sex, and condition when transporting them so as to minimize, to the extent possible, injury due to fighting and trampling.

(5) The authorized officer shall consider the condition of the animals, weather conditions, type of vehicles, and distance to be transported when planning for the movement of captured animals.

(c) The transportation of wild free-roaming horses and burros shall be under humane conditions. Unless otherwise approved by the authorized officer, transportation shall be limited, in sequence, to a maximum of 24 hours followed by a minimum of 5 hours of on-the-ground rest with adequate feed and water.

§ 4740.3**43 CFR Ch II (10-1-85 Edition)****§ 4740.3 Removal.**

(a) The authorized officer, after making a determination that there are excess animals in an area shall immediately take action to remove those animals from the public lands. Such action shall be taken in the following order and priority, until all excess animals have been removed so as to restore a thriving natural ecological balance to the range, and protect the range from deterioration associated with overpopulation:

(1) Old, sick, or lame animals shall be destroyed in the most humane manner possible. If there are equally humane methods, the most cost efficient may be selected.

(2) Any additional excess animals shall be humanely captured and removed for maintenance and care for which the authorized officer determines an adoption demand exists by qualified persons, organizations, or agencies and for which he determines he can assure humane treatment and care (including proper transportation, feeding, and handling).

(3) Additional excess animals for which an adoption demand by qualified individuals does not exist shall be destroyed in the most humane manner possible. If there are equally humane methods, the most cost efficient may be selected.

(b) Where the authorized officer finds it necessary to remove excess animals from areas of the public lands, and he determines that it is not practical to relocate them on public lands or capture and remove them for maintenance, he may destroy such animals in the most humane manner possible. No person, except the authorized officer or his authorized representative, shall destroy wild free-roaming horses and burros.

(c) The authorized officer, after making a determination that there are problem animals in an area and that action is required, shall humanely remove the animals and may dispose of them in the same manner as excess animals including the relocation or return to the public lands.

§ 4740.3-1 Acts of mercy.

Any severely injured or seriously sick animals will be destroyed in the

most humane manner possible as an act of mercy.

§ 4740.3-2 Loss of status.

Wild free-roaming horses and burros or their remains shall lose their status as such:

(a) Upon passage of title under § 4740.5 of this part;

(b) If they have been transferred for private maintenance or adoption pursuant to this Act and die of natural causes before passage of title;

(c) Upon destruction by the authorized officer or his designee pursuant to section 3(b) of the Act;

(d) If they die of natural causes on the public lands or on private lands where maintained thereon pursuant to section 4 of the Act and disposal is authorized by the authorized officer or his designee; or

(e) Upon destruction or death for purposes of or incident to the program authorized in section 3 of the Act.

§ 4740.3-3 Disposal of carcasses.

Carcasses of animals that have lost their status as wild free-roaming horses and burros may be disposed of in any customary manner. However, no consideration of any kind shall be received by any person who transfers the remains of a wild free-roaming horse or burro, that has not lost its status as such, to a rendering plant or other facility for disposal.

§ 4740.4 Relocation.

Wild free-roaming horses and burros may be relocated when:

(1) The authorized officer determines there are excess animals in an area;

(2) They have been removed from private lands under § 4750.3 of this title;

(3) They are problem animals; or

(4) The authorized officer determines that proper resource and herd management requires such action.

§ 4740.4-1 Relocation on public lands.

(a) Wild free-roaming horses and burros shall not be introduced by relocation to areas of public land that were not being used by wild free-roam-

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ing horses or burros as all or part of their habitat on December 15, 1971.

(b) Before wild free-roaming horses and burros are relocated to a different area of the public lands a written determination shall be made by the authorized officer that the action meets the requirements of the Bureau of Land Management's resource management plans and that the area has an adequate allocation of forage for the animals relocated.

§ 4740.4-2 Applications.

Any qualified person, organization or government agency wishing to take custody of a wild free-roaming horse or burro shall file an application with the Denver Service Center of the Bureau of Land Management. The application shall be filed on a form approved by the Director, Bureau of Land Management, and shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable advance payment of \$25 by guaranteed remittance. In order to maintain an application filed with the Bureau before the effective date of this section, the applicant shall submit an advance payment of \$25 by guaranteed remittance no later than 30 days after the effective date of this section. If custody of a wild free-roaming horse or burro is granted by the authorized officer, the advance payment shall be applied against the custodial fee required to be paid at the time the cooperative agreement required by § 4740.4-3 of this title is executed.

(Act of December 15, 1971, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1331-1340), the Act of June 26, 1934 (43 U.S.C. 315-315r) and the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*))

[48 FR 9262, Mar. 4, 1983]

§ 4740.4-3 Custodial arrangements.

(a) The authorized officer may transfer for private maintenance or adoption up to 4 wild free-roaming horses or burros per year to any qualified person, organization, or government agency.

(b) Wild free-roaming horses and burros shall be transferred only to an applicant of a legal age in the State in which the applicant resides.

(c) Notwithstanding the provision of paragraph (a) of this section, more

than four animals per year may be transferred to any qualified person, organization, or agency for adoption if the authorized officer determines in writing that the applicant is capable of humanely transporting and caring for the additional animals.

(d) Before wild free-roaming horses or burros are transferred, the applicant shall:

(1) Pay a custodial fee of \$125 for each horse and \$75 for each burro, except there shall be no custodial fee for an unweaned offspring under 6 months of age accompanying its mother, plus any transportation costs incurred for the transportation of the animals to the point of pickup; and

(2) Sign a cooperative agreement that incorporates provisions for custodial maintenance, including, but not limited to, provisions for proper maintenance of the animals and protection from inhumane treatment and commercial exploitation.

(3) The Director may adjust or waive the adoption fee on determining that wild horses or burros in the custody of the Bureau of Land Management are unadoptable when the full adoption fee is required, and that it is in the public interest to adjust or waive the adoption fee stated in paragraph (a) of this section. The adjustment or waiver shall extend only to persons who are willing to maintain such animals privately, who demonstrate the ability to care for them properly, and who agree to comply with all rules and regulations relating to wild horses and burros.

(e) If the authorized officer determines that an adopted wild free-roaming horse or burro is being commercially exploited, inhumanely treated, or treated in a manner that violates a provision of the cooperative agreement, he may take immediate possession of the animal.

(f) If a wild free-roaming horse or burro that has been transferred for private maintenance or adoption dies, the transferee shall, within 7 days of the death, furnish the authorized officer with a veterinarian's written statement of the apparent cause of death.

(g) Persons, organizations, or agencies who receive wild free-roaming horses or burros that have been previ-

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ously transferred for private maintenance or adoption shall be subject to all the provisions of these regulations. No wild free-roaming horse or burro shall be transferred without the approval of the authorized officer.

(h) At the request of the transferee, the authorized officer may transfer custody of wild free-roaming horses and burros to another qualified applicant.

(Act of December 15, 1971, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1331-1340), the Act of June 26, 1934 (43 U.S.C. 315-315r) and the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*); Act of September 8, 1959 (18 U.S.C. 47))

[44 FR 76985, Dec. 28, 1979. Redesignated and amended at 48 FR 9262, Mar. 4, 1983; 49 FR 20654, May 16, 1984]

§ 4740.5 Granting of title.

(a) The authorized officer may grant title to not more than four wild free-roaming horses and burros in any one year upon application of any qualified person, organization, or agency to whom these animals have been transferred for adoption. Applicants for granting of title must be of legal age in the State in which they reside.

(b) Persons, organizations, or agencies who have provided humane conditions, treatment, and care for the animals they have adopted after December 15, 1971, for at least one year under a cooperative agreement with the Bureau of Land Management are qualified to apply for title to the animals. The application for a title shall include a written statement of a licensed veterinarian attesting to the best of his knowledge that the animals have been given humane treatment and care preceding the filing of the application.

(c) The application for title shall be on a form prescribed by the Director, Bureau of Land Management, and shall be filed at the office specified on the form.

Subpart 4750—Management on Private Lands

§ 4750.1 Criteria for animals on private lands.

Nothing in these regulations shall preclude a private landowner from al-

lowing wild free-roaming horses and burros to remain on his private lands so long as the animals were not willfully removed, enticed, or retained by him or his agent from the public lands.

§ 4750.2 Maintenance.

Any individual who actively maintains wild free-roaming horses and burros on his private lands shall notify the authorized officer and supply him with a reasonable approximation of their number and location and, when required by the authorized officer, a description of the animals. Thereafter, he shall furnish an annual report updating the information during the month of January. An individual will be considered to be actively maintaining wild free-roaming horses or burros if he takes measures of any kind designed to protect or enhance the welfare of the animals. No person shall maintain such animals except under cooperative agreement between the private landowner and the authorized officer setting forth the management and maintenance requirements including provisions for regulating disposal of excess animals.

§ 4750.3 Removal.

The authorized officer shall remove, as soon as he can make the necessary arrangements, wild free-roaming horses and burros, from private land at the request of the landowner where the private land is enclosed in a "legal fence." A "legal fence" for this purpose is one which complies with State standards and specifications. In "no fence districts" or other areas where the private landowner is not required by State statute to fence the private land to protect it from trespass by domestic livestock, the authorized officer shall, as soon as he can make the necessary arrangements, remove wild free-roaming horses or burros from such private land at the request of the landowner.

Bureau of Land Management, Interior**§ 4760.2****Subpart 4760—Enforcement Provisions****§ 4760.1 Arrest.**

The Director of the Bureau of Land Management may authorize such employees as he deems necessary to arrest without warrant, any person committing in the presence of the employee a violation of the Act or of these regulations and to take such person immediately for examination or trial before an officer or court of competent jurisdiction. Any employee so designated shall have power to execute any warrant or other process issued by an officer or court of competent jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of the Act or these regulations.

§ 4760.2 Penalties.

In accordance with section 8 of the Act (16 U.S.C. 1338), any person who:

(a) Willfully removes or attempts to remove a wild free-roaming horse or burro from the public lands, without authority from the authorized officer, or

(b) Converts a wild free-roaming horse or burro to private use, without authority from the authorized officer, or

(c) Maliciously causes the death or harassment of any wild free-roaming horse or burro, or

(d) Processes or permits to be processed into commercial products the remains of a wild free-roaming horse or burro, or

(e) Sells, directly or indirectly, a wild free-roaming horse or burro, or the remains thereof which have not lost their status as a wild free-roaming horse or burro, or

(f) Uses a wild free-roaming horse or burro for commercial exploitation, or

(g) Causes or is responsible for the inhumane treatment of a wild free-roaming horse or burro, or

(h) Uses a wild free-roaming horse or burro for bucking stock, or

(i) Fails, upon written notice, to produce for inspection by an authorized officer those animals assigned to him for private maintenance under a cooperative agreement, or

(j) Fails to notify the authorized officer of the death of a wild free-roaming horse or burro within 7 days of death pursuant to § 4740.4-2(f) of this title, or

(k) Removes or attempts to remove, alters or destroys any official mark identifying a wild horse or burro, or its remains, or

(l) Being the assignee of a wild free-roaming horse or burro, or having charge or custody of the animal, abandons the animal without making arrangements for necessary food, water and shelter, or

(m) Being the assignee of a wild free-roaming horse or burro, or having charge or custody of the animal, fails to diligently pursue in an attempt to capture the escaped animal, or

(n) Accepts for slaughter or destruction a horse or burro bearing an official Bureau of Land Management identification mark, and which is not accompanied by a certificate that title to the animal has been transferred, or

(o) After acceptance of an animal for slaughter or destruction, fails to retain for one year the certificate of title to a horse or burro bearing an official Bureau of Land Management identification mark, or

(p) Willfully violates any provisions of the regulations under Group 4700, shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$2,000 or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both. Any person so charged with such violation by the authorized officer may be tried and sentenced by a U.S. commissioner or magistrate, designated for that purpose by the court by which he was appointed, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as provided in section 3401, Title 18, U.S.C.

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